

KORIDALIN, E. A.

Koridalin, E. A. "Reflected Waves in Seismic Exploration, as Revealed by the Work at Ishimbaevo." Trudy Seismologicheskogo Instituta Akad. Nauk S.S.R., Moscow-Leningrad, No. 74, 1936, pp. 1-46.

KORIDALIN, E. A.

Koridalin, E. A. "The Work of the Seismological Institute of the Academy of Sciences." Izvestiia Akad. Nauk S.S.S.R., O.N.E.N., Moscow-Leningrad, Ser. Fizicheskaiia, No. 4, 1938, pp. 521-524.

KORIDALIN, E. A.

Koridalin, E. A. "On the Propagation of Elastic Waves in the Weathering Zone." Trudy Seismologicheskogo Instituta, Moscow-Leningrad, No. 79, 1938, pp. 145-154.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1

KORIDALIN, E. A.

Koridalin, E. A. The study of the structure of the earth's crust by seismic methods
Moskva, 1939. 75 p. (49-30506) QE541.K67

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1"

L 26726-66 EWT(1)/EWA(h)

ACC NR: AP6013511

SOURCE CODE: UR/0120/66/000/002/0119/0123

AUTHOR: Andryushin, N. F.; Antonov, Ye. A.; Bulatov, B. P.; Koridalin, V. Ye.; Strelkov, A. S.

ORG: Institute of Physics of the Earth AN SSSR, Moscow (Institut fiziki Zemli AN SSSR)

TITLE: A wide-range detector of light pulses

SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 2, 1966, 119-123

TOPIC TAGS: light pulse, radiation detector, photomultiplier

ABSTRACT: A wide-range device for detecting intermittent light pulses is described. The basic element of the unit is a photomultiplier with alloyed dynodes. The output voltage pulses are taken from load resistors connected in the dynode circuits and fed to the measurement system. With the proper supply voltage and a slight correction in the voltage distribution between dynodes, there is a difference of an order of magnitude between the sensitivities of two adjacent dynodes. A detector with a linear dynamic range covering four orders of magnitude in the intensity of light pulses was made by taking the signals from four dynodes. Various types of photomultipliers were studied by modulator control of the photocurrent and by exposing the photocathode to short bursts of light. The experimental conditions and procedure are briefly described. The photomultipliers used were the FEU-13, -15 and -16 with alloyed dynodes and the

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UDC: 621.383.5:535.5

L 26726-66

ACC NR: AP6013511

FEU-27 and -31 with antimony-cesium coated dynodes. Both methods were used for studying the miniature FEU-15. Typical dynode output curves for this tube are given. The dynodes have a linear output range of more than 6-8 v with a 5% deviation from linearity. Formulas are given for determining signal magnitude in the linear region of the output curve for a given measurement rank, as well as for finding the sensitivity of any rank. The linearity of the dynode characteristics was studied with a direct-current component through the photomultiplier. It was found that the voltage across the dynode gap decreases as the gap approaches the anode. There is a simultaneous increase in the voltages across the dynode gaps closest to the photocathode since the total voltage across the photomultiplier remains constant. This is due to the initial increase in signal magnitude. A further increase in the anode current reduces the pulse amplitude from the dynode as a result of current limiting in the subsequent dynode gap due to the space charge. Thus there is a reduction in the difference between pulse currents in the preceding and succeeding dynode gaps. The sign of this difference may change when the anode current reaches a high enough value, with a resultant change in the polarity of the signal from the dynode. It is found that the direct current through the photomultiplier should be much less than the divider current for normal operation of the device. The authors are grateful to V. S. Yuzgin for participation in this work. Orig. art. has: 8 figures, and 2 formulas. [14]

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 11Mar65/ ORIG REF: 003/ ATD PRESS: 4258

Card 2/2 W

KORIDALIN, YE. A.

KORIDALIN, YE. A., KUZNETSOV, V. P., and KIRILLOV, F. A.

"Epicenters of the Shemakh Earthquakes", Dokl. AN Az SSR, 9, No 12,
701-706 1953 (Azervaydzhani resume).

(No abstract.) (RZhGeol, No 5, 1954)
SO: Sum. No. 443, 5 Apr. 55

USSR/Geophysics - Seismology

KORIDALIN YE, A.

Card 1/1 Pub 45-16/18

FD-1794

Author : Koridalin, Ye. A.

Title : Chronicle. Session of the Council on Seismology, Academy of Sciences USSR

Periodical : Izv. AN SSSR, Ser. geofiz. 288-290, May-Jun 1955

Abstract : The regular session of the Council on Seismology, held in Moscow 8-11 February 1955, was devoted to a discussion of problems on earthquake forecasting, to the compilation of an atlas of seismicity in the USSR, and to the coordination of plans of works on seismology in 1955; participants were members of the Council, Geophysical Institute, Academies of Sciences of Georgian, Armenian, Azerbaijani, Uzbek, Tadzhik, Kirgiz, Turkmen, Ukrainian, Kazakh SSR, and the Sakhalin Affiliate of the Academy of Sciences USSR. Heard were: G. A. Gamburtsev, "Forecasting of earthquakes"; D. A. Kharin (Cand. Phys. -Math. Sci.), "So called cut-in maps of the USSR Seismicity Atlas"; N. A. Linden (Cand. Phys. -Math Sci.), "Seismicity maps of the Far East and the Arctic"; A. D. Tskhakaya, "Cut-in maps of the Akhalkalak highlands"; N. A. Vvedenskaya, "Earthquakes of Central Asia from 1942 to 1953".

Institution: --

Submitted : --

KORIDALIN/A.

"Seismology in the People's Republic of China," by J. A. Koridalin, Geophysics Institute, Academy of Sciences USSR, Izvestiya Akademii Nauk USSR, Seriya Geofizicheskaya, No 1, Jan 57, pp 3-9

The article reviews the fundamental trends of work in the field of seismology found in the Geophysics Institute of the Academia Sinica of the People's Republic of China and, in a general outline, presents the prospects for development of these works in the coming year.

The article is based on material personally gathered by the author, who, together with other associates of the Geophysics Institute, Academy of Sciences USSR, was detailed for a while in China.

Gives the names of the director and some of the staff of the Chinese academy.

The author states that, of the scientific stations of the Academia Sinica, 24 are for seismic observations and 3 are engaged in magnetic studies. These are not specifically located.

A picture [Photo No 231071] showing two types of horizontal seismographs is included in the article. (U)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1

KORIDALIN, Ye.A.

Foreword. Biul. Sov. po seism. no.6:3-4 1971.
(Seismology)

(MIRA 11:3)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1"

AUTHOR:

KORIDALIN, E.A.

PA - 2463

TITLE:

The Investigation of Earthquake Phenomena in China. (Izuchenie zyemletryaseniy v Kitaye, Russian)
Vestnik Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1957, Vol 27, Nr 1, pp 60-62 (U.S.S.R.)

PERIODICAL:

Received: 5 / 1957

Reviewed: 6 / 1957

ABSTRACT:

The process of mountain formation very often causes earthquakes in the central parts of the Chinese People's Republic. One of the heaviest earthquakes occurred in 1556 and destroyed what in those days was one of the most important and oldest cities, Siang. The same region, the province of Kwang-si, fell victim to another catastrophe on December 16th 1920. In the vicinity of its epicenter landslips, Loess waves ground crevasses, more than 100.000 casualties and extensive destruction in the provinces of Kwang-si and Schan-si etc were caused. It must be born in mind, that regions of particularly vital importance, like the river basin of the Hoang-ho, where the biggest dams, irrigation systems and hydroelectric power-stations are situated, are included in this region. In connection with these facts, Chinese scientists are faced with the task of classifying the whole country in order to separate sections which are endangered by earthquakes and to adopt precautionary measures in the construction of various buildings to make them safe against earthquakes. This problem is very complicated and necessitates the collective collaboration of various specialists, taking into consider-

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The Investigation of Earthquake Phenomena in China.

ation all circumstances of previous earthquakes. It requires the erection of a network of seismic stations and a thorough investigation of the geological structure of the imperilled areas. These problems fall within the scope of the comparatively recent Geophysical Institute of the Chinese Academy of Science under the management of Professor Chshao-Tsyu-chshan. This institute is also competent to carry out research work on the discovery of mineral deposits. Up to 1954 the Institute had its seat in Nanking and from then onwards in Peking. A large group of scientists gathered rich material of information on earthquakes in the past, dating back as far as 3000 years ago. A catalogue will be ready to be published shortly, which contains data on more than 2000 earthquakes in China. At the same time, seismic maps of China will be produced. More and more seismic stations are erected in order to carry out seismic observations. Up to 1954 only two permanent stations were in operation in China: One in Shanghai (since 1904) and the other in Nanking (since 1931). At present 22 new stations have been constructed, their distribution and equipment, however, still leave many wishes unsatisfied. Therefore, the Geological Institute decided to

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The Investigation of Earthquake Phenomena in China.

reorganize the network of seismic stations in China thoroughly and to equip them with modern apparatus of Soviet type, which is very important according to the author's opinion because seismic observations can then be carried out in a large part of the world with identical equipment.

ASSOCIATION: Not given
PRESENTED BY:
SUBMITTED:
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3

BAGDASAROVA, A.M.; ISLAMOV, K.Sh.; KORIDALIN, Ye.A.; KUZNETSOV, V.P.;
KUZ'MINA, N.V.; NENILINA, V.S.; NERSESOV, I.L.; SULTANOVA, Z.Z.;
KHARIN, D.A.

Seismicity of the eastern part of the southern spurs of the
Greater Caucasus and some problems of methodology in studying
the seismicity of individual regions. Report No.1. Izv.AN Azerb.SSR.
Ser.geol.-geog.nauk no.6:121-131 '59.
(MIRA 15:4)
(Caucasus—Seismology)

AUTHOR:

Koridalin, Ye. A.

S/030/60/000/02/013/040
B008/B014

TITLE:

Conferences of Seismologists in Roumania and Spain

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Akademii nauk SSSR, 1960, Nr 2, pp 82-85 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In this article the author reports on two seismological conferences, one of which took place in Bucharest (Roumania) from October 6 to 12, 1959. It dealt with the seismology and the division of the Carpathian Mountains and the Balkan into seismic zones. The conference, which was organized by the Academy of Sciences of the Roumanian People's Republic, was attended by delegates from Bulgaria, Hungary, Poland, the USSR, and Czechoslovakia. The scientific lectures were devoted to three problems: study of seismology and division into seismic zones, seismotectonics, and seismology for engineering purposes. Lectures were delivered by G. Petrescu, I. Curea, P. Ionescu-Andrey, S. Radu, T. Iosif, A. Belesh, M. Ifrim, S. Belan, A. Kishmizhiu, Ye. Titaru, Kh. Sandi (Roumania), Ye. A. Koridalin, S. I. Masarskiy,

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Conferences of Seismologists in Roumania
and Spain

S/030/60/000/02/013/040
B008/B014

I. A. Nersesov, D. A. Kharin, B. A. Petrushhevskiy, S. V. Medvedev,
I. M. Sukhov (USSR), V. Karnik (Czechoslovakia), R. Teysser (Poland),
and I. M. Petkov (Bulgaria). In the resolution adopted it was
pointed out that it would be necessary to extend the existing net-
work of seismic stations and to equip them with instruments which
are adjusted to one another. These are the most important problems:
establishment of a uniform scale for determining the intensity of
earthquakes, development of a uniform method for the performance
and generalization of macroseismic observations, compilation
of seismic maps, etc. Scientific institutions of the countries
concerned should carry out investigations on seismology and the
division of the Carpathian Mountains and the Balkan into seismic
zones. Furthermore, meetings of scientists occupied with these
problems should be arranged. The European Seismological Commis-
sion held a plenary meeting in Alicante from October 26 to 31,
which was attended by delegates from 22 countries. The first
session dealt with the discussion of research work carried out
in the Alps and also with a few other general problems. Further-
more, 2 symposiums were held. The first symposium, which dealt

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Conferences of Seismologists in Roumania
and Spain

S/030/60/000/02/013/040
B008/B014

with the compilation of seismotectonic maps, was prepared by V. V. Belousov (USSR) and M. Bot (Sweden). The arguments of his lecture on various elements to be considered in compiling seismotectonic maps were supported by V. V. Belousov who submitted a seismotectonic map of the Caucasus which he had compiled together with I. V. Kirillova and A. A. Sorskiy. The whole material of the lectures and discussions was handed over to V. V. Belousov for the purpose of working out suggestions for the next plenary session of the Commission. The Soviet scientists Ye. F. Savarenskiy and V. I. Keylis-Borok were charged with the preparation of the Second Symposium on the Application of Methods of Dynamic Seismology in the Exploration of the Internal Structure of the Earth. Lectures were delivered by the following delegates from East European countries: A. Zatopek (Czechoslovakia), Ye. F. Savarenskiy (USSR). The Plenary Session also discussed several problems of organization. The European Commission decided to establish a special subcommittee for the support and coordination of work concerning the exploration of earthquakes and the structure of the earth in the Carpathian Mountains. In conclusion, elections of the

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BAGDASAROVA, A.M.; ISLAMOV, K.Sh.; KORIDALIN, Ye.A.; KUZNETSOV, V.P.;
KUZZMINA, N.V.; NENILINA, V.S.; NERSESOV, I.L.; SULTANOVA, Z.Z.;
KHARIN, D.A.

Seismology of the eastern part of the southern spurs of the Greater
Caucasus and some problems of methodology in studying the seismology
of individual regions. Izv.AN Azerb.SSR.Ser.geol.-geog.nauk no.5:
21-31 '60. (MIRA 14:5)

(Caucasus—Seismology)

S/169/62/000/004/006/103
D228/D302

AUTHORS: Bagdasarova, A. M., Islamov, K. Sh., Koridalin, Ye. A.,
Kuznetsov, V. P., Kuz'mina, N. V., Nenilina, V. S.,
Nersesov, I. L., Sultanova, Z. Z. and Kharin, D. A.

TITLE: Seismicity of the eastern part of the southerly spurs
of the High Caucasus Range and some methodical ques-
tions of the study of the seismicity of separate are-
as. Communication 3

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, no. 4, 1962, 16, ab-
stract 4A125 (Izv. AN AzerbSSR, ser. geol.-geogr. n.
i nefti, no. 4, 1961, 13-24)

TEXT: The hodographs of the earthquakes of the south-western Cau-
casus are examined together with the results of study of this ter-
ritory's seismicity. Hodographs for all the main wave-types were
constructed from the data of strong earthquake observations at
different seismic stations. The most precise hodograph was obtained
for four strong Vartashen earthquakes. The records of 62 seismic

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Seismicity of the ...

S/169/62/000/004/006/103
D228/D302

stations were used for its construction. The thicknesses of the crust (40 km), the granite layer (19 km), and the basalt layer (21 km) were calculated on the basis of this hodograph. The hodographs of other earthquakes were found to be less accurate. It was established from the observations of the 1953 expedition that for an extent of 150 km (from Vartashen to Marazov) the seismic activity of the eastern part of the southerly slopes of the High Caucasus Range is very high. The epicenters and the depths of 213 earthquakes were determined, and a map of the epicenters was prepared. Considerable azimuthal anomalies of seismic waves, spreading along and across the strike of the High Caucasus Range, were exposed. ✓
[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

S/169/62/000/011/006/077
D228/D307

AUTHOR: Koridalin, Ye.A., Masarskiy, S.I., Nersesov, I.L.
and Kharin, D.A.

TITLE: Trial study of weak local earthquakes by means of temporary seismic stations

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, no. 11, 1962, 18-19,
abstract 11A92 (Studii și cercetări astron. și seismol., 6, no. 2, 1961, 161-172 (summary in Rum.))

TEXT: The seismicity of various districts of the Soviet Union is being studied by means of the investigation of weak local earthquakes. Investigations are being conducted in two directions: seismico-geologic and engineering-seismic. In the first the aim of the research is to obtain the general regular relations of the distribution of weak and strong local earthquake epicenters to the tectonics. The chief plan of the second is the problem of seismic local and micro-zoning. Work of this type was begun in 1927 in connection with the study of the seismicity of the Turksib Route. Next it was carried out in the Crimea, where the outline of the epicentral zone of local shocks was obtained; in Turkmeniya, where distribution Card 1/2

S/169/62/000/011/006/077

Trial study of weak local earthquakes ...D228/D307

patterns of the multiple shocks of the Ashkhabad earthquake of 1948 and problems of the seismic microzoning of the city of Ashkhabad were studied; in West Turkmeniya, with the aim of the detailed seismic zoning of the territory; and in other regions. The method of using mobile seismic stations, which was first applied in the Shemakinskaya zone in 1953 and in the widest volume in the Tadzhik complex seismologic expedition, was specially practised. Here the questions of quantitatively studying the parameters of the seismic regime and the energy of weak earthquakes are being investigated particularly carefully. Electromagnetic ВЭГИК (VEGIK) seismographs are being used in the work, as are methods unrelated to the supposition that the crust is homogeneous, for determining the position of an epicenter; the accuracy of such determinations thereby reaches 1-2 km. The method of mobile stations with their locational profile is also being employed to study the depth structure of the crust.

9 references.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

KORIDALIN, Ye.A.

Some characteristics of Lg and Rg type waves and regional characteristics
of their distribution. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geofiz. no.8:1114-1121
Ag '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. AN SSSR, Institut fiziki Zemli.
(Seismic waves)

BAGDASAROVA, A.M.; ISLAMOV, K.Sh.; KORIDALIN, Ye.A.; KUZNETSOV, V.P.;
KUZ'MINA, N.V.; NENILINA, V.S.; NERSESOV, I.L.; SULTANOVA, Z.Z.;
KHARIN, D.A.

Seismicity of the eastern part of the southern spurs of the Greater
Caucasus and some problems of methodology in studying the seismicity
of individual regions. Report No.3. Izv.AN Azerb.SSR. Ser.geol.-
geog.nauk i nefti. no.4:13-24 '61. (MIRA 15:1)
(Caucasus--Seismology)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1

KORIDALIN, Ye.A., kand. fiz.-matem. nauk

Study of seismic conditions in the Scoplje region. Vest. AN
SSSR. 35 no.9:82-85 '65.

(MIRA 18:9)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1"

L 9405-66 EWT(1)/EWA(h) GW
ACC NR: AP5025211

SOURCE CODE: UR/0030/65/000/009/0082/0085

AUTHOR: Koridalin, Ye. A. (Candidate of physico-mathematical sciences) 56
47,55 32

ORG: none

TITLE: A study of the seismic conditions in the Skoplje region

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Vestnik, no. 9, 1965, 82-85 12,44,55

TOPIC TAGS: earthquake, seismicity, seismograph, seismology, seismologic station, seismologic instrument, seismography

ABSTRACT: This study deals with the conditions of the earthquake of August 1963, in Skoplje and with its effects. Only 20% of the buildings in the city were unharmed. The geological structure of the Skoplje region to a depth of 2.5 km was determined by geophysical methods. The seismicity of Macedonia was also studied from historical data and data in the literature. The entire region and the adjacent regions belong to an Alpine folded system in which orogenic movements have been occurring. Some parts of this geologic region have a nonunidirectional nature or a relative nonconformity in these movements. These characteristics of the movements led to the formation of deep faults. Thus, the region is a

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ACC NR: AP5025211

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mosaic system. The Skoplje seismic station had relatively insensitive instruments. During the first shock of July 26, 1963, the pens of all instruments were broken. The instruments were repaired, but still gave underrated readings. In 1964-1965, five temporary seismic stations with highly sensitive (amplification 10 000-30 000) Soviet electromagnetic seismographs were positioned around Skoplje. Since August 12, 1964, these seismic stations have recorded over 500 local weak earthquakes, most of which were aftershocks of the main earthquake of 1963. The seismic activity is less now, but still remains rather high. A thorough study is being made of the relationship of the earthquake of 1963 and the weak earthquakes, the migration of the foci of the aftershocks, the decrease in seismic activity, and some time characteristics of the seismic conditions. Soviet specialists Yu. A. Meshcheryakov, D. A. Lilienberg, Ye. Ye. Milanovskiy, A. A. Sorskij, S. V. Medvedev, D. N. Rustanovich, V. A. Tokmakov, and Ye. A. Koridalin provided consultation and aid. Orig. art. has: 2 photographs.

SUB CODE: 08/

SUBM DATE: none

Card 2/2 *Ad*

L 45616-66

ACC NR: AP6033983

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/66/168/005/1132/1134

AUTHOR: Koridalin, Ye. A.; Medvedov, S. V.; Rustanovich, D. N.; Tolmakov, V. A.; Khadzhiyevskiy, D.

ORG: Institute of Physics of the Earth, im. O. Yu. Shmidt, AN SSSR (Institut fiziki Zemli AN SSSR); Skoplje University Seismic Station, Skoplje

TITLE: Seismic conditions around Skoplje after the earthquake of 26 July 1963 on the basis of instrumental observations

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 168, no. 5, 1966, 1132-1134

TOPIC TAGS: earthquake, tectonics, seismology/Skoplje

ABSTRACT: In 1964-1965 Soviet and Yugoslav seismologists carried out instrumental seismic investigations in the neighborhood of Skoplje, in Yugoslavia, site of a disastrous earthquake on 26 July 1963. VEGIK Soviet seismic stations with a magnification of 20,000 were used at five stations surrounding the epicentral zone and it was possible to determine epicenters and focal depths with high accuracy. During the year about 200 epicenters were determined (a map accompanies the text); the energy class of the recorded earthquakes was in the range $4 \leq K \leq 10$ ($K = \log E$ (E in J)). It was determined that the weak recorded earthquakes are the aftershocks of the main earthquake. Seismic activity still is high but will continue to abate. The main earth-

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UDC: 550.34
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ACC NR APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017

quake was in a region of very strong tectonic movements. In general, it was possible to determine the full seismic picture at Skoplje, but there are no data which could be used for predicting the possibility or time of a recurrence. This paper was presented by Academician V. V. Shuleykin on 7 January 1966. Orig. art. has: 2 figures. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 08 / SUBM DATE: 27Dec65 / ORIG REF: 001 / SOV REF: 006

Card 2/2 mjs

ALEKSANDROV, N.I.; GEFEN, N.Ye.; GAPOCHKO, K.G.; GARIN, N.S.; DANILYUK, S.S.;
YEGOROVA, L.L.; KUZINA, R.F.; KORIDZE, G.G.; ~~KORIDZE, G.G.~~; OSIPOV, N.P.;
LABINSKIV, A.P.; LEBEDINSKIY, V.A.; MASLOV, A.I.; OSIPOV, N.P.;
SILICH, V.A.; SMIRNOV, M.S.; TSYGANOV, N.I.

Study of a method of aerosol immunization with powdered plague
vaccine in large population groups. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i
immun. 40 no.12:22-28 D '63. (MIRA 17:12)

KORIDZE, G.G.

5/016/62/000/007/001/002
D037/D113

AUTHORS: Aleksandrov, N.I., Gofen, N.Yo., Gapochko, K.G., Garin, M.S.,
Koridze, G.G., Markozashvili, I.N., Osipov, N.P., Pischik, M.P.,
Posobilo, I.A., Smirnov, M.S. and Turov, V.P.

TITLE: Aerosol immunization with dry dust vaccines and anatoxins.
A study of the method of aerosol immunization with dust plague
vaccines during mass immunization.

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal mikrobiologii, epidemiologii i immunobiologii, no. 7,
1962, 46-50

TEXT: Tests were conducted to approve the practical use of mass aerosol
immunization with plague vaccine and to check and specify previously ob-
tained data which testified that this vaccination method was safe and had a
low reactivity. Dust plague vaccine was used in a dose of 150-200 million
living microbes of the vaccine EB strain. Four 15-min. seances took place
with up to 190 persons at a time in a 112 m³ room. On the days following
vaccination, 157 persons were subjected to X-ray and hematological tests.

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S/016/62/000/007/001/002 -

Aerosol immunization with dry dust vaccines...D037/D113

It was found that the reactivity of this method is much lower than that of the subcutaneous and cutaneous immunization methods. Conclusions: (1) Aerosol immunization with dust plague vaccine, using the above-mentioned dose, provoked no distinct reaction but caused characteristic changes in the peripheral blood. (2) This method, tested under practical conditions on 543 persons, is very simple and allows the population to be mass-immunized against plague within a short time. There is 1 table.

SUBMITTED: August 8, 1961

Card 2/2

ALEKSANDROV, N.I.; GEFEN, N.Ye.; GAPOCHKO, K.G.; GARIN, N.S.;
KORIIZE, G.G.; MARKOZASHVILI, I.N.; OSIPOV, N.P.;
PISCHIK, M.P.; POSOBILLO, I.A.; SMIRNOV, M.S.; TUROV, V.P.

Aerosol immunization with dry pulverized anatoxins and
vaccines. Report No.8: Studies on a method of aerosol
immunization with pulverized antiplague vaccine of large
numbers of persons. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i immun. 33
no.7:46-50 J1 '62. (MIRA 17:1)

KORIDZE, O.A.

Functional state of the liver in brucellosis. Vrach. delo no.6:
149-150 Je '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Kafedra terapii I (zaveduyushchiy - prof. I.N.TSintsadze)
Tbilisskogo gosudarstvennogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey.
(BRUCELLOSIS) (LIVER)

L 35563-65 EWP(k)/EWT(d)/EWP(h)/EWA(d)/EWP(l)/EWP(v) PE-4

ACCESSION NR: AP5008218

S/0286/55/000/005/0090/0080

30
B

AUTHORS: Viktorov, V. A.; Petrov, B. N.; Koridze, O. S.; Kernyushin, P. M.; N. N.; Chistyakov, N. N.

TITLE: A method for measuring the level of a liquid. Class 42, No. 168911

Author. Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 6, 1963, 80

TOPIC TAGS: liquid level, frequency, resonance, liquid level gage

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a method for measuring the level of a liquid by determining the dependence of the resonance frequency of the liquid on the measured liquid. To increase the accuracy of measurements, a stepwise relation between the resonance frequency and the measured level is established. The levels at the midpoints of the frequency dependence steps are then determined.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 19Nov63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: IE

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 1/1

L 6575-66 EWT(1)/EWA(h)/ETC(m) MW

ACC NR: AP5025052

SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/016/0092/0092

AUTHORS: Viktorov, V. A.; Petrov, B. N.; Koridze, O. S.; Kornyushin, P. M.; Rabskiy, V. N.; Chistyakov, N. N.

ORG: none

TITLE: Resonance level detector. Class 42, No. 173973

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniij i tovarnykh znakov, no. 16, 1965, 92

TOPIC TAGS: liquid level indicator, resonator

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a resonance level detector containing a section of double conductor high frequency line connected to a secondary measuring device. To increase the accuracy of measuring the level at arbitrarily selected points, the detector is provided with conducting elements, e.g., rings, disks, loops, etc, fastened along the length of the detector at the mentioned points parallel to the surface of the measured level (see Fig. 1).

Card 1/2

UDC: 681.12

L 6575.66

ACC NR: AP5025052

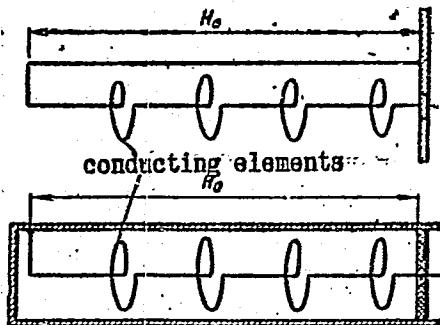


Fig. 1.

Orig. art. has: 1 diagram.

SUB CODE: EC/ SUBM DATE: 19Nov63

Card 2/2

KORIDZE, Excerpta Medica Sec.10 Vol.II/7 Obstetrics and
SH, M.L Gynaecology July 58

1040. STUDIES ON CONTRACTIBILITY OF THE PLACENTA (Russian text) -
Koridze Sh. M. and Beburashvilli N. A. - SBORN. TRUD. INST.
OKHR. MATER. I DETS. 1956, 7 (19-20)

Following Soloviev's method a series of myosin estimations in the placenta were made after normal childbirth. The central part of the placenta has been found to contain more myosin than the peripheral. The weight of the placenta and the duration of labour had no influence on the placental myosin content. As myosin is a specific globulin for muscular tissue, its finding in the placenta infers the existence of muscle fibres in the placenta, and consequently its contractibility. (S)

KORIDZE, Sh. M.: Doc Med Sci (diss) -- "Material on the study of certain functions of the liver in connection with carbohydrate and nitrogen metabolism in non-pregnant women, through pregnancy, and in the post-natal period". Tbilisi, 1959. 45 pp (Tbilisi State Med Inst), 200 copies (KL, No 13, 1959, 110)

KORIDZE, Sh.M., dotsent; SEBISKVERADZE, L.L., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Treatment of patients with climacteric disorders with climacterin.
Akush.i gin. no.1:22-23 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta akusherstva i ginekologii
(dir. - dotsent Sh.M. Koridze) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya
Gryzinskoy SSR.

(CLIMACTERIC) (ESTROGENS)

PAPITASHVILI, Mikhail Yermolayevich; KORIDZE, Shalva Melitonovich;
DZHINCHARADZE, Margarita Zakhar'yevna

[Technique of some gynecological operations] [Tekhnika ne-
kotorykh ginekologicheskikh operatsii. Tbilisi, Sabchota
Sakartvelo] 1964. 181 p. [In Georgian] (MIRA 18:7)

L-23405-65 EWT(1)/EWG(v)/FCC/EEC-4/EEC(t)/EWA(h) Po-4/Pg-5/Pq-4/Pae-2/Peb/Pi-4
GK/RM

ACCESSION NR: AP5002100

S/0048/64/028/012/1993/1996

AUTHOR: Alaniya, M. V.; Dorman, I. I.; Kojava, V. K.; Kebuladze, T. V.;
Koridze, V. G.; Chkhetiya, A. M.

TITLE: Influence of magnetic storms on cosmic rays during maximum
and minimum solar activity

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 28, no. 21, 1964,
1993-1996

TOPIC/TAGS: cosmic ray, magnetic storm, Forbush effect, solar variation,
cosmic ray intensity

ABSTRACT: The parameters which characterize the association between
the effects of cosmic rays and the phases of magnetic storms are: the
increase of cosmic ray intensity before the magnetic storm, the global
distribution of the Forbush effect, and solar diurnal variations.
Data for studying the correlations between these two phenomena were
taken from observations made during the IGY. Four magnetic storms of
world-wide character were discussed. The intensity of cosmic rays

Card 1/2

L 23405-65
ACCESSION NR: AP5002100

for the soft and hard components is represented graphically in the original article for magnetic storms from 11 to 31 August 1958. The intensity of the cosmic rays increased before the storm, reaching a maximum during the daytime. The amplitude of the intensity increase was greater at higher elevations than at sea level. Discrepancies between experimental and theoretical results were observed both for sea level and mountain elevations. Orig. art. has 3 figures. [EG]

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: AA

NO REF Sov: 010

OTHER: 002

AT&T PRESSI: 3174

Card 2/2

DORMAN, L.I.; KORIDZE, V.G.; SHATASHVILI, L.Kh.

Increases in cosmic ray intensity not associated with visible
formations on the sun. Geomag. i aer. 5 no.1:159-161 Ja F '65.
(MIRA 18:4)

1. Institut geofiziki AN Gruzinskoy SSR.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1

DORMAN, L.I.; KEBULADZE, T.V.; KORIDZE, V.G.

Worldwide increases in cosmic ray intensity and their possible
relation with geomagnetic storms. Izv. Akad. Nauk SSSR Ser. Fiz. 29
no.10:1920-1922 O '65. (MIRA 18:10)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1"

L 6947-66	ENT(1)/FCC/EWA(h)	GW
ACC NR:	AP 5026235	SOURCE CODE: UR/0048/65/029/010/1920/1922
AUTHOR:	<u>Dorman, L. I.</u> ; <u>Kebuladze, T.V.</u> / <u>Koridze, V.G.</u>	
ORG:	none	
TITLE: World-wide cosmic ray intensity increases and their relation to geomagnetic disturbances /Report, All-Union Conference on Cosmic Ray Physics held at Apatity, 24-31 August 1964/		
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya, v.29, no.10, 1965, 1920-1922		
TOPIC TAGS: <u>Cosmic ray intensity</u> , <u>cosmic ray variation</u> , <u>magnetic storm</u>		
ABSTRACT: The authors have analyzed the world-wide cosmic ray intensity increases that occurred during the magnetic storms of 18 August 1957, 13 September 1957, 11 February 1958, and 17 August 1958. In the present paper the results of the analysis of the 13 September 1957 storm are discussed; the analyses of the remaining storms led to similar results. Cosmic ray intensity increases were observed not only at the minimum of the Forbush effect, but also at the beginning of the main phase of the storm when the horizontal component of the terrestrial magnetic field was rising. The maximum increase of cosmic ray intensity was observed at different times at different stations. The cutoff rigidity at the maximum of a cosmic ray intensity increase did not correlate with the longitude or latitude of the station at which it was observed. The relation between the amplitude of a cosmic ray		
Card 1/2		

L 6947-66

ACC NR: AP 5026235

intensity increase and the cutoff rigidity was in agreement with the theoretical curves of L.I.Dorman, Ya. L.Blokh, and N.S.Kaminer (Sb. Kosmicheskiye luchi, No.4, str. 5. Izd. AN SSSR. M., 1961). It is concluded that cosmic ray intensity increases accompanying magnetic storms are complex in nature and not to be explained solely by changes of the geomagnetic cutoff rigidity. Orig. art. has: 3 figures.

SUB CODE: AA, ES SUBM DATE: 00/--Oct65 ORIG.REF: 003 OTH REF.001

lehr
Card 2/2

ALANIYA, O. M. BLOKH, Ya. L. BLOKH, A. M. CHETIYA, L. I. DORMAN
KAMINER, T. V. KEBULADZE, V. K. KOYAVA, Ye. V. KOLOMEIKETS, V. O. KORIDEK,
PIVEREVA, M. I. TYASTO

Cosmic Ray Effects During Magnetic Storms

report submitted for the 8th Intl. Conf. on Cosmic Rays (IUPAP), Jaipur India,
2-14 Dec 1963

TSITSISHVILI, G.V., akademik; ANDRONIKASHVILI, T.A.; CHUMBURIDZE, T.A.;
KORIDZE, Z.I.

Chromatographic separation of a mixture of hydrocarbon gases
C₁ - C₄ on X-type zeolites with a different content of calcium
cations. Dokl. AN SSSR 156 no. 4:932-934 Je '64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Institut khimii im. P.G.Melinishvili AN GruzSSR. 2. AN Gruz
SSR (for TSitsishvili).

TSITSISHVILI, G.V., akademik; ANDRONIKASHVILI, T.G.; SABELASHVILI, Sh.D.;
KORIDZE, Z.I.

Selective properties of silver ion-containing fillers for a
chromatographic column. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 35 no.1:87-92 J1
'64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Institut khimii imeni Melikishvili AN GruzSSR. 2. Akademiya
nauk Gruzinskoy SSR (for TSitsishvili).

BELODVORSKIY, Yu. M.; PROFERANOV, V.P.; KORIGODSKAYA, B.P.; TSIKERMAN, L.Ya.

Methods for calculating corrosion resistance of insulated pipelines
being under the effect of stray currents. Gor. khoz. Mosk. 32 no.10:
28-31 O '58. (MIEA 11:11)

1. Ubravlyayushchiy trestom "Mosgas" (for Belodvorskiy). 2. Trest "Orggas"
Moskovskogo komunal'nogo khozyaystva RSFSR (for Proferanov). 3. Otdel
podzemnykh sooruzheniy Arkhitektурno-planirovochnego upravleniya g. Moskvy
(for Korigodskaya). 4. Akademiya komunal'nogo khozyaystva imeni K.D.
Panfilova (for Tsiberman).

(Electric current, Leakage) (Pipelines)
(Corrosion and anticorrosives)

LIPSKAYA, M.I.; KORIK, L.M.

Role of vitamin B₁ (thiamine) in suppurative diseases of the skin.
Vest. ven. i derm. no.4:56-57 Jl-Ag '54. (MIRA 7:8)

1. Iz 13-go kozhno-venerologicheskogo dispansera Leningrada.
(SKIN--DISEASES) (THIAMINE)

KORIKOV, M.L. (Khabarovsk)

Prevention of complications in chromocystoscopy by the intravenous administration of a mixture of solutions of urotropine and indigo carmine. Sov. med. 25 no.11:121 N '61. (MIRA 15:5)
(HEXAMETHYLENETETRAMINE) (BLADDER--EXPLORATION)
(INDIGO CARMINE)

GEKHMAN, B.S., podpolkovnik med.sluzhby, kand.med.nauk; KORIKOV, M.L.,
podpolkovnik med.sluzhby

Diagnosis and treatment of isolated subcutaneous trauma of the
kidneys. Voen.-med.zhur. no.10:57-59 O '61. (MIRA 15:5)
(KIDNEYS--WOUNDS AND INJURIES)

GHEIMAN, B.S., doktor med.nauk; KORIKOV, M.L. (Khabarovsk)

Pneumoretroperitoneum in the diagnosis of peritonitis.
Vest. rent. i rad. 40 no.5:39-42 S-0 '65.

(MIRA 18-12)

KORIKOV, N.A., mashinist teplevoza (Tomsk); VOSTOMOV, V.Ye.,
mashinist teplevoza

The operational life of the oil pressure relay has been
increased. Elek. i tepl. tiaga 7 no.3:9 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Vaninskiy morskoy tergovyy port Ministerstva morskogo flota,
pos. Vanino, Khabarovskiy kray (for Vostochev).
(Diesel locomotives—Electric equipment)

KORIKOV, P. N.

"Clinical and Hematological Changes in Animals After Administration of Adrenalin, Pilocarpine, Atropine, and Novocain With or Without Anesthesia." Cand Vet Sci, Kazan' State Zooveterinary Inst, Kazan', 1953.
(RZhBiol, No 6, Mar 55)

SO: Sum. No. 670, 29 Sep 55--Survey of Scientific and Technical
Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (15)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1

KORIKOV, P.N., dotsent

Pleximeters from plastic materials. Veterinaria 39 no.7:72 Jl '62.
(MIRA 18:1)
1. Semipalatinskiy zooveterinarnyy institut.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1"

KORIKOV, P.N.

New method for staining granulophilocytes (reticulocytes) of the peripheral blood in animals and man. /Izdat. delo [7] no. 4:10-13 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Kafedra terapii i klinicheskoy diagnostiki Semipalatinskogo zooveterinarnogo instituta.
(BLOOD CELLS) (STAINS AND STAINING (MICROSCOPY))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1

KORIKOV, P. N. (Assistant Professor, Semipalatinsk Zooveterinary Institute)

"Pleximeters made of plastic materials"

Veterinariya, vol. 39, no. 7, July 1962 pp 72

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824620017-1"

1. KORIKOV, P. P.
2. USSR (600)
4. Street Railroads--Moscow
7. Fifty years of operation of the Moscow street car line, Gor. khoz. Mosk., 23, No. 4, 1949.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April, 1953, Uncl.

KORIKOVSKAYA, A.K.

Heaving of clay rocks in connection with their genesis as
revealed by the Moscow brown coal basin. Vop.gidrogeol.
i inzh.geol. no.19:80-90 '61. (MIRA 15:2)
(Moscow Basin—Clay)

SKVORTSOV, G.G.; KORIKOVSKAYA, A.K.

Characteristics of the rock swelling in the U.S.S.R. coal
deposits from the point of view of engineering geology. Sov.
geol. 4 no.11:158-164 N '61. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gidrogeologii
i inzhenernoy geologii.

(Coal geology)

KORIKOVSKAYA, A.K.; SKVORTSOV, G.G.

Study of clay rocks for purposes of engineering geology as exemplified by prospecting in the Moscow Basin. Biul.nauch.-tekhn.inform.VIMS no.1:24-26 '60. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut hidrogeologii i inzhenernoy geologii.
(Moscow Basin—Clay)

LIL'INOV, H.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; TROYANSKIY, Ye.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., inzhener.

Strength of steel tubes used for high pressure boilers. Vest. mash.
33 no.12:11-13 D '53.
(MLRA 6:12)
(Steam pipes)

ZALOGIN, Nikolay Georgiyevich; SHUKHER, Solomon Mikhaylovich; KORIKOVSKIY,
I.K., redaktor; FRIDKIN, A.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Purification of stack gases] Ochistka dymovykh gazov. Izd. 2-e,
perer. i dop. Moskva, Gos. energeticheskoe izd-vo, 1954. 224 p.
[Microfilm]
(MLRA 8:2)
(Air--Purification) (Smoke prevention)

KORIKOVSKIY, I. K.

LELEYEV, N.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; TROYANSKIY, Ye.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., inzhener.

Examining the strength of welded tee-pieces. Vest.mash. 34 no.7:
57-61 Jl '54.
(Steam boilers) (Welding)

KORIKSKY, I.K.

RODDATIS, K.P., kandidat tehnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; KORIKSKY, I.K.,
redaktor; SKVORTSOV, I.M., tehnicheskiy redaktor

[Combustion of anthracite culm in furnaces with heated hoppers]
Szhiganie antratsitovogo shtyba (ASh) v toplakh s uteplennymi
veronkami; sbornik statei. Moskva, Gos. energ. izd-vo, 1956. 62 p.
(Furnaces) (MLRA 10:1)

KORIKOVSKIY, I.K.

SHUKHEV, S.M., redaktor; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., redaktor; MIRDVEDEV, L.Ya.,
tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Ash removal by hydraulic means at electric power stations]
Gidrozoloudalenie na elektrostantsiakh. Moskva, Gos.energ.
izd-vo, 1957. 87 p. (Iz opyta sovetskoi energetiki)
(Electric power stations) (MLRA 10:?)
(Ash disposal)

KORIKOVSKIY, I. K.

GURVICH, A.M., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, professor, redaktor; KUZNETSOV,
N.V., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K.
redaktor; PRIDKIN, A.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Heat calculations for steam boilers (norm method)] Teplovoi reshet
kotel'nykh agregatov (normativnyi metod). Pod red. A.M.Gurevicha i
N.V.Kuznetsova. S prilozheniem nomogramm dlia reshetov. Moskva,
Gos.energ.izd-vo, 1957. 232 p. ----- [Nomograms for calculations]
Nomogrammy dlia reshetov. 1957. 31 p. (MIRA 10:8)

1. Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy teplotekhnicheskiy institut
(Boilers) (Steam engineering)

БУТЕНКО, И.К.

BUTENKO, N.L.; GRIGOR'IEV, T.Ye., redaktor; KOBIKOVSKIY, I.K., redaktor;
CHERNOV, V.S., tekhnicheskij redaktor

[Handbook for installation of steam boiler heating surfaces]
Paniatka slesaria po montazhu poverkhnostei usgrevva parovykh kotlov.
Izd.2-oe, perer. i dop. Pod red. T.E.Grigor'eva. Moskva, Gos.energ.
izd-vo, 1957. 150 p.
(Boilers) (MLRA 10:9)

KORIKOVSKIY, I.K.

SOKOLOV, Vasiliy Stepanovich, METIN, S.D., nauchnyy red.; TOMOCHENKO, L.K.,
nauchnyy red.; YAKUBOVICH, T.S., nauchnyy red.; SINITSYN, S.N.,
nauchnyy red.; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., red.; MMDVEDEV, L.Ya., tekhn.red.

[Detection of flaws in materials] Defektoskopiia materialov.
Moskva, Gos.energ.izd-vo, 1957. 239 p.
(Metals--Testing) (MIRA 11:2)

BELYAYEV, A.A.; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., red.; LARIONOV, G.Ye., tekhn.red.

[Operating boiler units of the first electric power station with very high pressure and temperature] Opyt ekspluatatsii kotel'nogo oborudovaniia pervoi elektricheskoi stantsii sverkhvysokikh parametrov. Moskva, Gos. energ. izd-vo, 1958. 63 p. (MIRA 12:1)
(Cherepat--Electric power plants) (Boilers)

GURA, P.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; KONTOROVSKIY, A.Z., kand.tekhn.nauk; LAGUMTSOV,
I.N., kand.tekhn.nauk; RATNER, A.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; MIKHAYLOVA,
T.A., inzh.; ARONOVICH, M.S., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; KORIKOVSKIY,
I.K., red.; LARIONOV, G.Ye., tekhn.red.

[Metal in modern power units] Metall v sovremenныkh energostanovkakh.
Moskva, Gos. energ. izd-vo 1958. 75 p.
(MIRA 12:2)

1. Gosudarstvennyy trust po organizatsii i ratsionalizatsii elektro-
stantsiy, trust, Moscow.
(Boilers) (Pipe, Steel--Corrosion) (Steel--Testing)

KORIKOVSKIY, I.K.

KISEL'GOF, M.L., red.; SOKOLOVA, N.V., red.; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., red.;
LARIOMOV, G.Ye., tekhn.red.

[Norms for calculating and designing plants for the preparation of
pulverized coal] Normy rascheta i proektirovaniia pyleprigotovitel'-
nykh ustanovok. Pod red. M.L.Kisel'gofa i N.V.Sokolova. Moskva,
Gos. energ.izd-vo, 1958. 159 p.
(MIRA 11:5)

1. Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy teplotekhnicheskiy institut.
(Coal, Pulverized)

LAGUNTSOV, I.N., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., red.;
BORUNOV, N.I., tekhn.red.

[Operational reliability of metal in steam power plants;
collection of articles] Eksploatatsionnaya nadezhnost'
metalla parosilevyykh ustroevok; sbornik statei. Moskva, Gos.
energ.izd-vo, 1959. 126 p. (MIRA 13:6)
(Steam power plants)

RIKHTER, Lev Aleksandrovich; IDEL'CHIK, I.Ye., kand.tekhn.nauk; retsenzent;
NEVEL'SON, M.I., kand.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K.,
red.; VORONIN, L.P., tekhn.red.

[Aerodynamics of gas and air piping and regulation of blast-draft
machines in electric power stations] Voprosy aerodinamiki gazo-
vozdukhoprovodov i regulirovaniia tiazgodut'evykh mashin elektro-
stantsii. Moskva, Gos.energ.izd-vo, 1959. 135 p. (MIRA 12:8)
(Boilers)

ARMAND, A.A., red.; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., red.; MATVEYEV, G.I., tekhn.red.

[Heat exchange under high thermal stress and other specific conditions, a collection of articles] Teploobmen pri vysokikh teplovyykh nagruzkakh i drugikh spetsial'nykh usloviyakh, sbornik statei. Moskva, Gos.energ.izd-vo, 1959. 135 p. (MIREA 12:12)
(Heat--Transmission)

PEDOSHEYEV, Sergey Leonidovich; ANTIKAYN, P.A., red.; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K.,
red.; VORONIN, K.P., tekhn.red.

[Installing boiler units in electric power plants] Montazh
kotel'nykh agregatov elektrostantsii. Moskva, Gos.energ.izd-vo,
1959. 528 p.

(MIRA 12:5)

(Electric power plants) (Boilers)

SHKROB, M.S., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, red.; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., red.;
BORUNOV, N.I., tekhn.red.

[Feed-water purification and operating conditions of boilers at
thermal electric power plants] Vodopodgotovka i vodnyi reshim
kotlov na teplovym elektrostantsiiakh. Pod red. M.S.Shkroba.
Moskva, Gos.energ.ind-vo. No.9. 1960. 191 p.

(Feed-water purification) (Electric power plants) (MIREA 13:12)

VINNITSKIY, David Yakovlevich; GINZBURG-SHIK, Lev Davidovich; ZAYDEL', Viktor Arnol'dovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; ZAKHARASHEVICH, Anatoliy Aleksandrovich; KAPRALOV, Viktor Aleksandrovich; SOLOV'IEV, Vladimir Borisovich; CHULKOV, Sergey Pavlovich; YAKOBSON, Sergey Sergeyevich; MORUKOVSKIY, I.K., red.; ANTIKAIN, P.A., red.; VORONIN, K.P., tekhn. red.

[Handbook for the installation of heat engines and related equipment]
Spravochnik po montazhu teplomekhanicheskogo oborudovaniia. Izd. 2.,
perer. Moskva, Gos. energ. izd-vo, 1960. 560 p. (MIRA 14:8)
(Heat engines)

KASATKIN, V.N., inzh.; ZHILYAYEV, A.V.[deceased]; KONDRASHOV, A.M.,
inzh.; OKOROKOV, A.A., inzh.; USHAKOV, P.N., inzh.; GURVICH,
S.M.; MOROZOV, M.P., red.; AYZENSHTAT, I.I., red. [deceased];
KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., red.; VORONIN, K.P., tekhn. red.; LARIONOV,
G.Ye., tekhn. red.

[Handbook on boiler inspection] Spravochnik po kotlonazoru.
Izd.3., perer. i dop. Pod obshchei red. M.P.Morozova. Mo-
skva, Gos. energ.izd-vo, 1961. 688 p. (MIRA 15:2)
(Boiler inspection) (Hoisting machinery)

BERENSSTEYN, S.A.; VAYSLEYB, V.P.; VARENIK, I.F.; DOBKYNCHENKO, M.V.;
YEGOROV, B.P.; KLISENKO, Yu.F.; MOGILEVSKIY, I.I.[deceased];
PEREYASLAVTSEV, N.A.; PILIPENKO, V.I.; SAPOZHNIKOV, F.V., inzh.;
SHEPELEV, V.M.; SIMULEVICH, M.L.; YARMOLINSKIY, I.M.; SHAGALOV,
Ye.S., red.; KORIKOVSKIY, I.K., red.; LARIONOV, G.Ye., tekhn. red.

[Construction of the V.I.Lenin State Regional Electric Power
Plant in Simferopol] Opyt stroitel'stva Simferopol'skoi GRES
im. V.I.Lenina [By] S.A.Berenshtain i dr. Moskva, Gosenergoizdat,
1962. 151 p.
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The most important factors in the formation of oil
deposits besides the tectonical occurrences are the
development of sandstones and petrification. The Lower
Pannonian stratigraphical conditions of the region are
characterized by simplicity and uniformity with inter-
bedded lignaceous marls, marls and sandstones. The
sandstones form relatively thin beds as compared to
their extensiveness. The most prevalent grain size is of
0.2 to 0.4 mm which corresponds to the most common
type of oil-bearing conditions. The main type of
the calcareous quartz type sedimentary rocks in
question is characterized by fine bedding as well as by
the absence of wave marks. The average thickness of the
sandstone formations is in direct ratio to their ex-
tensiveness. The basin of sedimentation was characterized
by the uniformity of the environment of deposition and
of the origin of the sediments, by that of flooding and
of the energy asserting itself in the aquatic medium.
The continuity of sedimentation was rendered possible
temporarily by the permanent subsidence of the basin.

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